



# Listing and Technical Evaluation Report™

### Report No: 1009-01



Issue Date: March 27, 2011 Revision Date: February 8, 2024

Subject to Renewal: April 1, 2025

# Use Of FastenMaster® HeadLOK® Fasteners to Attach Cladding and/or Furring to Wood Framing Through Foam Sheathing

#### Trade Secret Report Holder:

#### OMG®, Inc. dba FastenMaster®

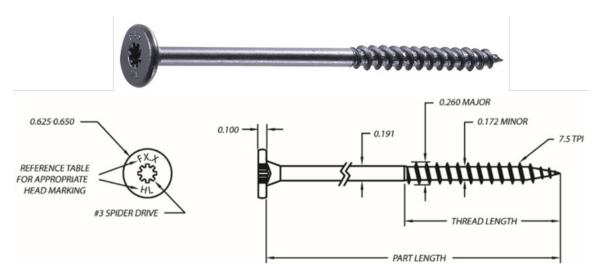
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CSI Designations:		
DIVISION: 06 00 00 - WOOD, PLASTICS AND COMPO	DSITES	
Section: 06 02 00 - Design Information	Section: 06 12 00 - S	tructural Panels
Section: 06 05 23 - Wood, Plastic, and Composite Fast	enings Section: 06 16 00 - S	heathing
Section: 06 11 00 - Wood Framing	Section: 06 17 00 - S	hop-Fabricated Structural Wood

#### 1 Innovative Product Evaluated<sup>i</sup>

1.1 FastenMaster® HeadLOK® Heavy Duty Flat Head Fasteners

#### 2 Product Description and Materials

2.1 The innovative product evaluated in this report is shown in **Figure 1**.



#### Figure 1. HeadLOK Heavy Duty Fastener

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- 2.2 HeadLOK fasteners are manufactured using a standard cold-formed process followed by a heat-treating process from 1022 carbon steel or 10B21 wire conforming to ASTM A510 with a minimum ultimate tensile strength of 60-ksi.
- 2.3 HeadLOK fastener specifications shown in **Table 1**.

		I	Dimension (i	n)	Bending	Allowable Fastener Strength (lb)			
Fastener Designation	Fastener Length <sup>1</sup>	Thread Length <sup>2</sup>	Shank Diameter	Minor Diameter	Major Diameter	Yield Strength, <sup>3</sup> F <sub>yb</sub> (psi)	Tensile	Shear <sup>4</sup>	
FMHLGM158	1 <sup>5</sup> /8								
FMHLGM278	2 <sup>7</sup> /8								
FMHLGM334	33/4								
FMHLGM412	<b>4</b> <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>								
FMHLGM005	5								
FMHLGM512	5 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>								
FMHLGM006	6								
FMHLGM612	6 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>								
FMHLGM007	7								
FMHLGM712	<b>7</b> 1/2								
FMHLGM008	8		0.404	0.470	0.000	407 000	4.045	005	
FMHLGM812	8 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	2	0.191	0.172	0.260	187,300	1,215	965	
FMHLGM009	9								
FMHLGM912	91/2								
FMHLGM010	10								
FMHLGM011	11								
FMHLGM012	12								
FMHLGM013	13								
FMHLGM014	14								
FMHLGM015	15								
FMHLGM016	16								
FMHLGM018	18								

#### Table 1. Fastener Specifications for Evaluated HeadLOK Fasteners





Table 1.	Fastener	Specifications	for Evaluated	HeadLOK Fasteners
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Feetener			Dimension (i	n)	Bending Yield	Allowable Fastener Strength (Ib)			
Fastener Designation	Fastener Length <sup>1</sup>	Thread Length <sup>2</sup>	Shank Diameter	Minor Diameter	Major Diameter	Strength, <sup>3</sup> F <sub>yb</sub> (psi)	Tensile	Shear <sup>4</sup>	
Sl: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 psi = 6.895 kPa, 1 lb = 4.448 N       1.     Fastener length is measured from the tip to bottom surface of the head.       2.     Length of thread includes the tip.       3.     Bending yield strength determined from ASTM F1575 and calculated using the minor diameter.       4.     Allowable shear strength values apply to the unthreaded shank portion of the fastener.									

#### 2.4 Corrosion Resistance

- 2.4.1 HeadLOK fasteners have a proprietary coating, which may be used as an alternative to the protection provided by code-approved hot-dipped galvanized coatings meeting ASTM A153, Class D (<u>IBC Section</u> <u>2304.10.6<sup>ii</sup></u> and <u>IRC Section R317.3</u>).
  - 2.4.1.1 HeadLOK fasteners may be used where screws are required to exhibit corrosion resistance when exposed to adverse environmental conditions, which are subject to the limitations of this report. HeadLOK fasteners have been evaluated for use in wood treated with ACQ-D preservatives with a retention of 0.40-pcf (6.4 kg/m3).
- 2.5 Pressure-Preservative Treated (PPT) Wood Applications
  - 2.5.1 HeadLOK fasteners having the proprietary coating are recognized for use in PPT lumber provided the conditions set forth by the PPT lumber manufacturer are met, including appropriate strength reductions.
- 2.6 Fire-Retardant Treated (FRT) Wood Applications
- 2.6.1 HeadLOK fasteners having the proprietary coating are recognized for use in FRT lumber provided the conditions set forth by the FRT lumber manufacturer are met, including appropriate strength reductions.
- 2.7 HeadLOK fasteners are approved for use in interior applications.
- 2.8 As needed, review material properties for design in Section **6** and to regulatory evaluation in Section **8**.

#### 3 Definitions

- 3.1 <u>New Materials</u><sup>iii</sup> are defined as building materials, equipment, appliances, systems, or methods of construction not provided for by prescriptive and/or legislatively adopted regulations, known as alternative materials.<sup>iv</sup> The <u>design strengths</u> and permissible stresses shall be established by tests<sup>v</sup> and/or engineering analysis.<sup>vi</sup>
- 3.2 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u><sup>vii</sup> and <u>Research Reports</u><sup>viii</sup> are test reports and related engineering evaluations, which are written by an <u>approved agency<sup>ix</sup></u> and/or an <u>approved source</u>.<sup>x</sup>
  - 3.2.1 These reports contain intellectual property and/or trade secrets, which are protected by the <u>Defend Trade</u> <u>Secrets Act</u> (DTSA).<sup>xi</sup>
- 3.3 An <u>approved agency</u> is "approved" when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is listed in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
- 3.4 An <u>approved source</u> is "approved" when a professional engineer (i.e., <u>Registered Design Professional</u>) is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.<sup>xii</sup>





- 3.5 Testing and/or inspections conducted for this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u> were performed by an <u>ISO/IEC 17025</u> <u>accredited testing laboratory</u>, an <u>ISO/IEC 17020 accredited inspection body</u>, and/or a licensed <u>Registered</u> <u>Design Professional</u> (RDP).
- 3.5.1 The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) is ANAB<sup>xiii</sup> ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO/IEC 17020 accredited.
- 3.6 The regulatory authority shall <u>enforce</u><sup>xiv</sup> the specific provisions of each legislatively adopted regulation. If there is a non-conformance, the specific regulatory section and language of the non-conformance shall be provided in <u>writing</u><sup>xv</sup> stating the nonconformance and the path to its cure.
- 3.7 The regulatory authority shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from an <u>approved agency</u> and/or an <u>approved</u> <u>source</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in regulations regarding the use of alternative materials, designs, or methods of construction.<sup>xvi</sup>
- 3.8 ANAB is an <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> (IAF) <u>Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA) signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.<sup>xvii</sup> Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> are approval equivalent.<sup>xviii</sup>
- 3.9 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.xix

#### 4 Applicable Standards for the Listing; Regulations for the Regulatory Evaluation<sup>xx</sup>

- 4.1 Standards
  - 4.1.1 ANSI/AWC NDS: National Design Specification (NDS) for Wood Construction
  - 4.1.2 ASCE/SEI 7: Minimum Design Loads and Associated Criteria for Buildings and Other Structures
  - 4.1.3 ASTM A153: Standard Specification for Zinc Coating (Hot-Dip) on Iron and Steel Hardware
  - 4.1.4 ASTM A510: Standard Specification for General Requirements for Wire Rods and Coarse Round Wire, Carbon Steel, and Alloy Steel
  - 4.1.5 AWC TR 12: General Dowel Equations for Calculating Lateral Connection Values

#### 4.2 Regulations

- 4.2.1 IBC 15, 18, 21: International Building Code®
- 4.2.2 IRC 15, 18, 21: International Residential Code®

#### 5 Listed<sup>xxi</sup>

5.1 A nationally recognized <u>testing laboratory</u> such as CBI, states that the materials, designs, methods of construction, and/or equipment have met nationally recognized standards and/or have been tested and found suitable for use in a specified manner.

#### 6 Tabulated Properties Generated from Nationally Recognized Standards

- 6.1 HeadLOK fasteners are used to attach wall sheathing, furring and/or cladding to the wall framing through an intermediate layer of foam sheathing to provide resistance to transverse loads in conventional light-frame wood construction.
  - 6.1.1 See **Table 2** for a prescriptive solution to fastener spacing requirements for various installation conditions.
- 6.2 HeadLOK fasteners are used to support the dead load of wall sheathing, furring and/or cladding when connected to the wall framing through an intermediate layer of foam sheathing.
  - 6.2.1 See **Table 2** for fastening requirements for various siding weight and framing conditions.





- 6.3 Design Procedure
  - 6.3.1 Calculate the Fastener Spacing:
    - 6.3.1.1 *Step 1*: Determine the spacing between studs or framing members, either 16" or 24" o.c.
    - 6.3.1.2 *Step 2*: Calculate the correct thickness of rigid foam, up to 4", needed to obtain the required insulation effect or R-value.
    - 6.3.1.3 *Step 3*: Choose the furring or sheathing (substrate) material that the cladding will be affixed to:
      - 6.3.1.3.1 Minimum <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" x 3<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" wood or Wood Structural Panel (WSP) furring
      - 6.3.1.3.2 Minimum <sup>3</sup>/<sub>8</sub>" WSP sheathing
      - 6.3.1.3.3 Ensure that the substrate allows for cladding connections that are compliant with the cladding manufacturer installation and connection instructions and meet the applicable building code.
    - 6.3.1.4 *Step 4*: Determine the actual weight for the cladding materials being installed, per square foot, as given by the cladding manufacturer specifications.
      - 6.3.1.4.1 Typical cladding weights are 1.3-psf for vinyl siding, 2.5-psf for cement board siding, 11-psf for Portland cement stucco and 25-psf for adhered masonry veneer; use actual weights for materials installed.
      - 6.3.1.4.2 Wood furring may add up to 1-psf of additional weight; wood sheathing may add up to 1.5-psf, depending on thickness.
    - 6.3.1.5 *Step 5*: Using these four values together, find the proper fastening pattern of between 6" and 24" o.c. using **Table 2**.





#### **Table 2**. Recommended Fastener Spacing for Various Thicknesses of Foam Sheathing, Stud Spacing, And Cladding Weight when Connected to Wood Studs Using HeadLOK Fasteners<sup>1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9</sup>

			N	laximum Al	lowable Cl	adding We	eight (psf) to be Supported⁵							
Stud	Foam Thickness	10	15	20	25	30	10	15	20	25	30			
Spacing <sup>1</sup>	(in)			acing (in) W 8¹/₂" Wood c		Usi			(in) When SP Sheath					
	1.0													
	1.5	24 c	D.C.	16 o.c.		12 o.c.			12 o.c.					
16" o.c.	2.0				12 o.c.						8 o.c.			
	3.0			12 o.c.	8 o.c.				8 o.c.		6 o.c.			
	4.0	16 o.c.	12 o.c.			6 o.c.				6 o.c.	N/A			
	1.0	24 c	D.C.	16 o.c.	12	0.C.								
	1.5			12 o.c.				12 o.c.		8 o.c.				
24" o.c.	2.0	16 o.c.	12 o.c.	8 o.c.		6 o.c.					6 o.c.			
	3.0				6 o.c.			8 o.c.	6	0.C.				
	4.0	12 o.c.		6 o.c.		N/A	8 o.c.	6 o.c.		N/A				

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 psf = 0.0479 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

1. Wood framing (studs) shall be a minimum of 2" nominal thickness.

2. Wood framing and furring shall be minimum Spruce-Pine-Fir or any species with specific gravity, G, of 0.42 or greater.

3. Wood framing, furring, and sheathing shall be designed by others and shall be of adequate size, species and grade to resist design loads and requirements in accordance with the applicable building code.

4. Furring may be installed vertically or horizontally and shall be installed at the same on-center spacing as the studs. All fasteners shall be installed through the furring and into the studs with a minimum 2" of penetration. Alternately, where the furring is installed horizontally and where the required fastener spacing is 8" o.c. or 12" o.c., the furring may be installed at 16" o.c. or 24" o.c. respectively, provided two (2) fasteners are installed at stud location. Likewise, where the fastener spacing is 6" o.c., the furring may be installed horizontally at 12" o.c. and two (2) fasteners used at each stud. Where multiple fasteners are used, furring or sheathing (substrate) shall be of adequate size to provide proper edge, end and fastener spacing distances.

5. Maximum allowable cladding weight shall include weight of furring, sheathing, cladding and other supported materials.

6. Furring type and thickness shall be selected based on the cladding manufacturer installation requirements (i.e., required fastener penetration into furring).

7. When using horizontal furring, or where durability of the furring is a concern due to moisture between the cladding and the sheathing, consideration should be given to using preservative treated furring.

8. Tabulated solutions are limited to 4" maximum thickness of foam sheathing. Special design required for thicknesses of foam sheathing greater than 4". For cladding attachment over foam sheathing exceeding 4" thickness, a design professional should be consulted.

9. Foam plastic insulation shall be a minimum 15-psi compressive strength and shall be in conformance to ASTM C578 or ASTM C1289, as applicable.

10. For cladding system weights exceeding 30-psf, a design professional should be consulted.





#### 6.3.2 Check for Wind Resistance:

6.3.2.1 *Step 1*: Using the information derived from *Step 1* through *Step 5* in Section **6.3.1**, determine the allowable design wind pressure using HeadLOK fasteners from **Table 3**.

#### Table 3. Allowable Design Wind Pressure for Connections Using HeadLOK Fasteners<sup>1,3,4</sup>

Furring or WSP Installation Condition	Min. 1x4 Wood Furring <sup>2</sup> 16" o.c. studs			Min. 1x4 Wood Furring <sup>2</sup> 24" o.c. studs				Min. <sup>3</sup> /8" WSP <sup>2</sup> 16" o.c. studs			Min. <sup>3</sup> /8" WSP <sup>2</sup> 24" o.c. studs			
HeadLOK Fastener Spacing in Furring or Sheathing (in)	24	16	12	8	24	16	12	8	12	8	6	12	8	6
Connection Allowable Design Wind Pressure (psf) <sup>5</sup>	49	73	98	147	33	49	65	98	49	73	98	33	49	65

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 psf = 0.0479 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

1. Wood framing and furring shall be minimum Spruce-Pine-Fir or any species with specific gravity, G, of 0.42 or greater.

2. Wood framing, furring and sheathing shall be designed by others and shall be of adequate size, species, and grade to resist design loads and requirements in accordance with the applicable building code.

3. Connection allowable design wind pressure applies to connection resistance only and shall meet or exceed design wind pressure.

4. Where required by the applicable building code, adequate resistance of connections and materials to seismic forces shall be provided based on local seismic ground motion hazard and the weight of the supported cladding system.

5. For use with the Allowable Stress Design load combinations of ASCE 7.

# 6.3.2.2 *Step 2*: Based on the design wind speed (105-150 mph) and wind exposure category (B-D) specific to your region, determine the design wind pressure to be resisted for your application from **Table 4**.

#### Table 4. Example of Components & Cladding Design Wind Loads1,2,3,4,5,7

Exposure Category	Wind Speed (Vuit) (mph) / Exposure								
В	105	110	115	120	130	140	150		
С	-	-	-	-	110	120	130		
D	-	-	-	-	-	110	120		
Design Negative Wind Pressure Load to be Resisted (psf) <sup>6</sup>	15.9	17.5	19.1	20.8	24.4	29.1	34.5		

SI: 1 in = 25.4 mm, 1 psf = 0.0479 kN/m<sup>2</sup>

1. Mean roof height shall not exceed 30' (measured vertically from grade plane to middle of roof slope),

a. Exp B: K<sub>z</sub>=0.70

- b. Exp C: K<sub>z</sub>=0.98
- c. Exp D: K<sub>z</sub>=1.16

2. Refer to applicable building code for wind exposure descriptions (B = typical suburban/wooded terrain; C = open flat terrain; D = ocean/lake exposure).

3. Where topographic effects occur (i.e., wind speed up due to hilltop exposure), refer to the building code for wind load.

- 4. Tabulated wind pressures are from ASCE 7-22, for wall corner zones. For lesser values away from wall corners, refer to the building code.
- 5. Tabulated wind pressures assume 100% of wind load is resisted by the cladding/foam sheathing or furring/foam sheathing layer and are not otherwise distributed or shared with other wall assembly layers.
- 6. Wind pressures, W, are given as 0.6W as defined in ASCE 7-22 for comparison to the allowable Design Wind Pressure of the fasteners as shown in Table 3.
- 7. Topographic factor K<sub>21</sub>=1.0, Ground elevation factor K<sub>e</sub>=1.0, Wind directionality factor K<sub>d</sub>=0.85, Enclosed building GC<sub>pi</sub>=0.18.





6.3.2.3 *Step 3*: Verify that the allowable design wind pressure using HeadLOK fasteners (**Table 3**) meets or exceeds the design wind pressure for your project (**Table 4**).

#### 6.3.3 Design Example:

#### <u>Given</u>

Foam Sheathing Thickness:	3″
Cladding Material:	Fiber cement lap siding
Cladding Weight from Manufacturer Data:	3-psf
Design Wind Speed/Exposure:	120 / Exp. B
Seismic Design Category:	B (exempt)
Wood Framing:	2x6 at 24″ o.c.

#### Solution

- Step 1: Choose the furring type and orientation that will be used. This example uses 1x4 (min.) wood furring in a vertical orientation over studs (**Figure 2**).
- *Step 2:* Consult siding manufacturer data for siding weight (3-psf) and add 1-psf for furring. Total = 4-psf.
- *Step 3:* Using **Table 2**, min. 1x4 wood furring at 24" o.c. attached to studs at 24" o.c. supporting up to 10-psf requires maximum 16" o.c. fastener spacing.
- *Step 4:* From **Table 3**, the connection allowable design wind pressure resistance is 49-psf.
- Step 5: Check the applicable building code to verify the wind pressure resistance required. Table 4 gives an example of the IBC wind pressures (ASCE 7-22), and this example's connection resistance of 49-psf exceeds the required resistance of 34.5-psf for wind speeds of 150 mph in Exposure B, 130 mph in Exposure C and 120 mph in Exposure D.
- *Step 6:* The required minimum length of HeadLOK fasteners is 3/4" (furring) + 3" (foam) + 2" (penetration) =  $5^{3}/_{4}$ ". Select a 6" HeadLOK fastener.

#### Notes:

- 1. Add length for thickness of additional sheathing material layer behind foam, if included.
- 2. Verify that furring provides adequate thickness for siding fastener per code or siding manufacturer installation instructions, or specify an appropriate siding fastener for use in <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>" thick furring.
- 3. Verify that furring is adequate to resist the required design loads.



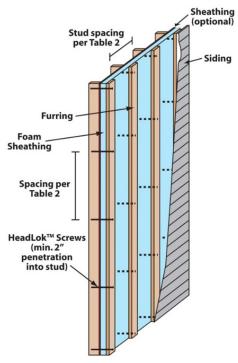


Figure 2. Exterior Wall Covering Assembly with Vertically Oriented Furring

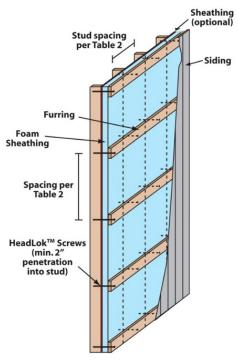


Figure 3. Exterior Wall Covering Assembly with Horizontally Oriented Furring





6.4 Where the application falls outside of the performance evaluation, conditions of use and/or installation requirements set forth herein, alternative techniques shall be permitted in accordance with accepted engineering practice and experience. This includes but is not limited to the following areas of engineering: mechanics or materials, structural, building science, and fire science.

#### 7 Certified Performance<sup>xxii</sup>

- 7.1 All construction methods shall conform to accepted engineering practices to ensure durable, livable, and safe construction and shall demonstrate acceptable workmanship reflecting journeyman quality of work of the various trades.<sup>xxiii</sup>
- 7.2 The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur.<sup>xxiv</sup>

#### 8 Regulatory Evaluation and Accepted Engineering Practice

- 8.1 HeadLOK fasteners comply with the following legislatively adopted regulations and/or accepted engineering practice for the following reasons:
  - 8.1.1 HeadLOK fasteners were evaluated, using their tested allowable design values described below, as an alternate means of attaching cladding systems over exterior mounted rigid foam insulation. The following properties were evaluated:
    - 8.1.1.1 Dowel bending strength of HeadLOK fasteners for use as an alternative to wood screws or lag screws in shear, where the fasteners are applied horizontally and the load is applied vertically.
    - 8.1.1.2 Withdrawal strength of HeadLOK fasteners for use as an alternative to wood screws or lag screws in tension where the fasteners are applied horizontally and the load is applied vertically causing the fastener to pull out.
    - 8.1.1.3 Head pull through strength of HeadLOK fasteners for use as an alternative to wood screws or lag screws in tension where the fasteners are applied horizontally and the load is applied vertically causing the fastener head to pull through.
    - 8.1.1.4 Shear strength of the HeadLOK fasteners for use as an alternative to wood screws or lag screws in shear where the fasteners are applied horizontally and the load is applied vertically either parallel or perpendicular to wood grain.
- 8.2 Any building code, regulation, and/or accepted engineering evaluations (i.e., research reports, duly authenticated reports, etc.) that are conducted for this Listing were performed by DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ), an <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accredited certification body</u> and a professional engineering company operated by <u>RDP/approved sources</u>. DrJ is qualified<sup>xxv</sup> to practice product and regulatory compliance services within its scope of accreditation and engineering expertise, respectively.
- 8.3 Engineering evaluations are conducted with DrJ's ANAB <u>accredited ICS code scope</u> of expertise, which are also its areas of professional engineering competence.
- 8.4 Any regulation specific issues not addressed in this section are outside the scope of this report.





#### 9 Installation

- 9.1 Installation shall comply with the approved construction documents, the manufacturer installation instructions, this report, and the applicable building code.
- 9.2 In the event of a conflict between the manufacturer installation instructions and this report, the more restrictive shall govern.
- 9.3 Installation Procedure
  - 9.3.1 Add up the total thickness of furring, rigid insulation and sheathing, and then select the appropriate length of HeadLOK fastener (see **Table 1**) that will attach these combined materials and provide a minimum 2" penetration into the wood framing.
  - 9.3.2 Using a high torque <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>" drill, drive the HeadLOK fastener through the center of the furring strip and into the insulation and wall framing.
    - 9.3.2.1 Lead holes are not required, but may be used if wood is prone to splitting.
    - 9.3.2.2 Lead holes shall be bored in accordance with Section 12.1 of the NDS.
  - 9.3.3 Fasteners should be aligned perpendicular to the face of the wall stud so that the point engages the center of the wall stud and at a minimum distance of 3" from the end of the stud or furring material.
  - 9.3.4 Fasteners must be installed in a manner to avoid over-driving yet snug enough to remove any gaps between the layers of materials being fastened.
  - 9.3.5 **Figure 2** and **Figure 3** provide example graphics of two types of furring installations as a guide.
- 9.4 Install fasteners prior to utility installations in exterior walls to avoid accidental penetration of utilities (i.e., electrical wiring, plumbing, etc.).

#### 10 Substantiating Data

- 10.1 Testing has been performed under the supervision of a professional engineer and/or under the requirements of ISO/IEC 17025 as follows:
  - 10.1.1 HeadLOK fastener design property calculations for HeadLOK screws based on TR 12, NDS and NYSERDA reports; Crandell
  - 10.1.2 HeadLOK fastener performance from the FastenMaster® Technical Bulletin for HeadLOK fasteners
  - 10.1.3 FastenMaster® installation instructions for HeadLOK fasteners
  - 10.1.4 Cladding Attachment Over Thick Exterior Insulating Sheathing; P. Baker, P. Eng, and R. Lepage, Building Science Corporation
  - 10.1.5 Initial and Long-Term Movement of Cladding Installed Over Exterior Rigid Insulation; Peter Baker; Building Science Corporation
- 10.2 Information contained herein may include the result of testing and/or data analysis by sources that are <u>approved agencies</u>, <u>approved sources</u>, and/or <u>RDPs</u>. Accuracy of external test data and resulting analysis is relied upon.
- 10.3 Where pertinent, testing and/or engineering analysis are based upon provisions that have been codified into law through state or local adoption of regulations and standards. The developers of these regulations and standards are responsible for the reliability of published content. DrJ's engineering practice may use a regulation-adopted provision as the control. A regulation-endorsed control versus a simulation of the conditions of application to occur establishes a new material as <u>being equivalent</u> to the regulatory provision in terms of quality, <u>strength</u>, effectiveness, <u>fire resistance</u>, durability, and safety.





- 10.4 The accuracy of the provisions provided herein may be reliant upon the published properties of raw materials, which are defined by the grade mark, grade stamp, mill certificate, or <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> and/or <u>approved sources</u> provided by the supplier. These are presumed to be minimum properties and relied upon to be accurate. The reliability of DrJ's engineering practice, as contained in this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u>, may be dependent upon published design properties by others.
- 10.5 Testing and engineering analysis: The strength, rigidity, and/or general performance of component parts and/or the integrated structure are determined by suitable tests that simulate the actual conditions of application that occur and/or by accepted engineering practice and experience.<sup>xxvi</sup>
- 10.6 Where additional condition of use and/or regulatory compliance information is required, please search for HeadLOK on the DrJ Certification website.

#### 11 Findings

- 11.1 As outlined in Section **6**, HeadLOK fasteners have performance characteristics that were tested and/or meet applicable regulations and are suitable for use pursuant to its specified purpose.
- 11.2 When used and installed in accordance with this duly authenticated report and the manufacturer installation instructions, HeadLOK fasteners shall be approved for the following applications:
  - 11.2.1 Use as an alternative material, design and method of construction for the attachment of furring, sheathing or cladding over foam sheathing and into wood framing.
  - 11.2.2 Use per the listed editions of the IRC for positive and negative wind pressure resistance.
  - 11.2.3 Use per the listed editions of the IRC for lateral shear strength to support cladding materials installed over foam sheathing.
  - 11.2.4 Use per the listed editions of the IBC for positive and negative wind pressure resistance.
  - 11.2.5 Use per the listed editions of the IBC for lateral shear strength to support cladding materials installed over foam sheathing.
- 11.3 Unless exempt by state statute, when HeadLOK fasteners are to be used as a structural and/or building envelope component in the design of a specific building, the design shall be performed by an RDP.
- 11.4 Any application specific issues not addressed herein can be engineered by an RDP. Assistance with engineering is available from OMG®, Inc. dba FastenMaster®.
- 11.5 IBC Section 104.11 (IRC Section R104.11 and IFC Section 104.10<sup>xxvii</sup> are similar) in pertinent part states:

**104.11** Alternative materials, design and methods of construction and equipment. The provisions of this code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by this code. Where the alternative material, design or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons the alternative was not approved.





- 11.6 Approved:xxviii Building regulations require that the building official shall accept Duly Authenticated Reports.xxix
  - 11.6.1 An approved agency is "approved" when it is ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited.
  - 11.6.2 An <u>approved source</u> is "approved" when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce.
  - 11.6.3 Federal law, <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u>, requires that where the alternative product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction is not approved, the building official shall respond in writing, stating the reasons why the alternative was not approved. Denial without written reason deprives a protected right to free and fair competition in the marketplace.
- 11.7 DrJ is a licensed engineering company, employs licensed RDPs and is an <u>ANAB-Accredited Product</u> <u>Certification Body</u> – <u>Accreditation #1131</u>.
- 11.8 Through the <u>IAF Multilateral Agreements</u> (MLA), this <u>Duly Authenticated Report</u> can be used to obtain product approval in any <u>jurisdiction</u> or <u>country</u> because all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> are equivalent.<sup>xxx</sup>

#### 12 Conditions of Use

- 12.1 Material properties shall not fall outside the boundaries defined in Section 6.
- 12.2 As defined in Section **6**, where material and/or engineering mechanics properties are created for load resisting design purposes, the resistance to the applied load shall not exceed the ability of the defined properties to resist those loads using the principles of accepted engineering practice.
- 12.3 HeadLOK fasteners covered by this report shall be installed in accordance with this report and the manufacturer installation instructions.
- 12.4 As listed herein, HeadLOK fasteners shall be subjected to the following conditions:
  - 12.4.1 HeadLOK fastener spacing shall not exceed **Table 2** for the installation conditions considered.
    - 12.4.1.1 Foam sheathing shall be minimum Type II (expanded polystyrene) or Type X (extruded polystyrene) conforming to ASTM C578 or Type 1 (polyiso) conforming to ASTM C1289.
    - 12.4.1.2 Types with greater compressive strength are acceptable.
    - 12.4.1.3 Ensure furring or sheathing material provides adequate substrate and thickness for the application of the siding fastener per the code requirements for siding application and the siding manufacturer installation instructions.
      - 12.4.1.3.1 For example, if the siding manufacturer requires the fastener for the siding to penetrate more than 3/4" into the furring, a 1x 4 furring strip (actual dimension of 3/4" x  $3^{1}/2$ ") would not be adequate and a thicker furring strip, such as a 2x4, would be required.
- 12.5 Use of HeadLOK fasteners to connect bracing materials in braced wall panels or shear walls is outside the scope of this report.
- 12.6 Use of HeadLOK fasteners in environments with the possibility of exposure to saltwater is outside the scope of this report.
- 12.7 For conditions not covered in this report, connections shall be designed in accordance with accepted engineering practice.
- 12.8 When required by adopted legislation and enforced by the <u>building official</u>, also known as the authority having jurisdiction (AHJ) in which the project is to be constructed:
  - 12.8.1 Any calculations incorporated into the construction documents shall conform to accepted engineering practice and, when prepared by an <u>approved source</u>, shall be approved when signed and sealed.
  - 12.8.2 This report and the installation instructions shall be submitted at the time of permit application.





- 12.8.3 This innovative product has an internal quality control program and a third-party quality assurance program.
- 12.8.4 At a minimum, this innovative product shall be installed per Section **9** of this report.
- 12.8.5 The review of this report by the AHJ shall comply with IBC Section 104 and IBC Section 105.4.
- 12.8.6 This innovative product has an internal quality control program and a third party quality assurance program in accordance with IBC Section 104.4, IBC Section 110.4, IBC Section 1703, IRC Section R104.4, and IRC Section R109.2.
- 12.8.7 The application of this innovative product in the context of this report is dependent upon the accuracy of the construction documents, implementation of installation instructions, inspection as required by <u>IBC Section</u> <u>110.3</u>, <u>IRC Section R109.2</u>, and any other regulatory requirements that may apply.
- 12.9 The approval of this report by the AHJ shall comply with <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u>, where legislation states in part, *"the <u>building official</u> shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of <u>use</u> of new material or assemblies as provided for in <u>Section 104.11</u>," all of <u>IBC Section 104</u>, and <u>IBC Section 105.4</u>.*
- 12.10 <u>Design loads</u> shall be determined in accordance with the regulations adopted by the jurisdiction in which the project is to be constructed and/or by the building designer (i.e., <u>owner</u> or RDP).
- 12.11 The actual design, suitability, and use of this report for any particular building, is the responsibility of the <u>owner</u> or the authorized agent of the owner.

#### 13 Identification

- 13.1 The innovative product listed in Section **1.1** is identified by a label on the board or packaging material bearing the manufacturer name, product name, this report number, and other information to confirm code compliance.
- 13.2 Additional technical information can be found at <u>www.fastenmaster.com</u>.

#### 14 Review Schedule

- 14.1 This report is subject to periodic review and revision. For the latest version, visit <u>drjcertification.org</u>.
- 14.2 For information on the status of this report, please contact <u>DrJ Certification</u>.

#### 15 Approved for Use Pursuant to U.S. and International Legislation Defined in Appendix A

15.1 FastenMaster® HeadLOK® Heavy Duty Flat Head Fasteners are included in this report published by an approved agency that is concerned with evaluation of products or services, maintains periodic inspection of the production of listed materials or periodic evaluation of services. This report states either that the material, product, or service meets recognized standards or has been tested and found suitable for a specified purpose. This report meets the legislative intent and definition of being acceptable to the AHJ.





# Appendix A

#### 1 Legislation that Authorizes AHJ Approval

- 1.1 **Fair Competition**: <u>State legislatures</u> have adopted Federal regulations for the examination and approval of building code referenced and alternative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction that:
  - 1.1.1 Advance innovation,
  - 1.1.2 Promote competition so all businesses have the opportunity to compete on price and quality in an open market on a level playing field unhampered by anticompetitive constraints, and
  - 1.1.3 Benefit consumers through lower prices, better quality, and greater choice.
- 1.2 **Adopted Legislation**: The following local, state, and federal regulations affirmatively authorize this innovative product to be approved by AHJs, delegates of building departments, and/or delegates of an agency of the federal government:
  - 1.2.1 Interstate commerce is governed by the <u>Federal Department of Justice</u> to encourage the use of innovative products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction. The goal is to "*protect* economic freedom and opportunity by promoting free and fair competition in the marketplace."
  - 1.2.2 <u>Title 18 US Code Section 242</u> affirms and regulates the right of individuals and businesses to freely and fairly have new products, materials, designs, services, assemblies, and/or methods of construction approved for use in commerce. Disapproval of alternatives shall be based upon non-conformance with respect to specific provisions of adopted legislation and shall be provided in writing <u>stating the reasons why</u> the alternative was not approved, with reference to the specific legislation violated.
  - 1.2.3 The <u>federal government</u> and each state have a <u>public records act</u>. In addition, each state also has legislation that mimics the federal <u>Defend Trade Secrets Act 2016</u> (DTSA),<sup>xxxi</sup> where providing test reports, engineering analysis and/or other related IP/TS is subject to <u>prison of not more than ten years</u><sup>xxxii</sup> and/or a <u>\$5,000,000 fine or 3 times the value of</u><sup>xxxiii</sup> the Intellectual Property (IP) and Trade Secrets (TS).
    - 1.2.3.1 Compliance with public records and trade secret legislation requires approval through the use of Listings, certified reports, Technical Evaluation Reports, duly authenticated reports, and/or research reports prepared by approved agencies and/or approved sources.
  - 1.2.4 For <u>new materials</u><sup>xxxiv</sup> that are not specifically provided for in any regulation, the <u>design strengths and</u> permissible stresses shall be established by <u>tests</u>, where <u>suitable load tests simulate the actual loads and</u> <u>conditions of application that occur</u>.
  - 1.2.5 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material shall <u>conform</u> to the specifications and methods of design using accepted engineering practice.<sup>xxxv</sup>
  - 1.2.6 The commerce of <u>approved sources</u> (i.e., registered PEs) is regulated by <u>professional engineering</u> <u>legislation</u>. Professional engineering <u>commerce shall always be approved</u> by AHJs, except where there is evidence provided in writing, that specific legislation have been violated by an individual registered PE.
  - 1.2.7 The AHJ shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in <u>IBC Section 104.11</u>.<sup>xxxvi</sup>





- 1.3 Approved xxxvii by Los Angeles: The Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) states in pertinent part that the provisions of LAMC are not intended to prevent the use of any material, device, or method of construction not specifically prescribed by LAMC. The Department shall use Part III, Recognized Standards in addition to Part II, Uniform Building Code Standards of <u>Division 35</u>, <u>Article 1</u>, <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC in evaluation of products for approval where such standard exists for the product or the material and may use other approved standards that apply. Whenever tests or certificates of any material or fabricated assembly are required by <u>Chapter IX</u> of the LAMC, such tests or certification shall be made by a <u>testing agency</u> approved by the Superintendent of Building to conduct such tests or provide such certifications. The testing agency shall publish the scope and limitation(s) of the listed material or fabricated assembly.<sup>xxxviii</sup> The Superintendent of Building <u>Approved Testing Agency</u> <u>Roster</u> is provided by the Los Angeles Department of Building and Safety (LADBS). The Center for Building Innovation (CBI) Certificate of Approval License is <u>TA24945</u>. Tests and certifications found in a <u>DrJ Listing</u> are LAMC approved. In addition, the Superintendent of Building shall accept <u>Duly Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the <u>California Building Code</u> (CBC) <u>Section 1707.1</u>.<sup>xxxix</sup>
- 1.4 Approved by Chicago: The Municipal Code of Chicago (MCC) states in pertinent part that an Approved Agency is a Nationally Recognized Testing Laboratory (NRTL) acting within its recognized scope and/or a certification body accredited by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) acting within its accredited scope. Construction materials and test procedures shall conform to the applicable standards listed in the MCC. Sufficient technical data shall be submitted to the building official to substantiate the proposed use of any product, material, service, design, assembly, and/or method of construction not specifically provided for in the MCC. This technical data shall consist of research reports from approved sources (i.e., MCC defined Approved Agencies).
- 1.5 Approved by New York City: The <u>2022 NYC Building Code</u> (NYCBC) states in part that an <u>approved agency</u> shall be deemed<sup>xI</sup> an approved testing agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17025 accreditation</u>, an approved inspection agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17020 accreditation</u>, and an approved product evaluation agency via <u>ISO/IEC 17065 accreditation</u>. Accrediting agencies, other than federal agencies, must be members of an internationally recognized cooperation of laboratory and inspection accreditation bodies subject to a mutual recognition agreement<sup>xII</sup> (i.e., <u>ANAB</u>, <u>International Accreditation Forum</u> [IAF], etc.).
- 1.6 **Approved by Florida**: <u>Statewide approval</u> of products, methods, or systems of construction shall be approved, without further evaluation by:
  - 1.6.1 A certification mark or listing of an approved certification agency,
  - 1.6.2 A test report from an approved testing laboratory,
  - 1.6.3 A product evaluation report based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from an approved product evaluation entity, or
  - 1.6.4 A product evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed, signed and sealed by a professional engineer or architect, licensed in Florida.
  - 1.6.5 For local product approval, products or systems of construction shall demonstrate compliance with the structural wind load requirements of the Florida Building Code (FBC) through one of the following methods:
    - 1.6.5.1 A certification mark, listing or label from a commission-approved certification agency indicating that the product complies with the code,
    - 1.6.5.2 A test report from a commission-approved testing laboratory indicating that the product tested complies with the code,
    - 1.6.5.3 A product-evaluation report based upon testing, comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, from a commission-approved product evaluation entity which indicates that the product evaluated complies with the code,





- 1.6.5.4 A product-evaluation report or certification based upon testing or comparative or rational analysis, or a combination thereof, developed and signed and sealed by a Florida professional engineer or Florida registered architect, which indicates that the product complies with the code, or
- 1.6.5.5 A statewide product approval issued by the Florida Building Commission.
- 1.6.6 The <u>Florida Department of Business and Professional Regulation</u> (DBPR) website provides a listing of companies certified as a <u>Product Evaluation Agency</u> (i.e., EVLMiami 13692), a <u>Product Certification</u> <u>Agency</u> (i.e., CER10642), and as a <u>Florida Registered Engineer</u> (i.e., ANE13741).
- 1.7 **Approved by Miami-Dade County (i.e., Notice of Acceptance [NOA])**: A Florida statewide approval is an NOA. An NOA is a Florida local product approval. By Florida law, Miami-Dade County shall accept the statewide and local Florida Product Approval as provided for in Florida legislation <u>553.842</u> and <u>553.8425</u>.
- 1.8 **Approved by New Jersey**: Pursuant to the 2018 Building Code of New Jersey in <u>IBC Section 1707.1</u> <u>General</u>, <sup>xlii</sup> it states: "In the absence of approved rules or other approved standards, the building official shall accept duly authenticated reports from <u>approved agencies</u> in respect to the quality and manner of use of new materials or assemblies as provided for in the administrative provisions of the Uniform Construction Code (<u>N.J.A.C. 5:23</u>)".<sup>xliii</sup> Furthermore N.J.A.C 5:23-3.7 states: "Municipal approvals of alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction."
  - 1.8.1 **Approvals**: Alternative materials, equipment, or methods of construction shall be approved by the appropriate subcode official provided the proposed design is satisfactory and that the materials, equipment, or methods of construction are suitable for the intended use and are at least the equivalent in quality, strength, effectiveness, fire resistance, durability, and safety of those conforming with the requirements of the regulations.
    - 1.8.1.1 A field evaluation label and report or letter issued by a nationally recognized testing laboratory verifying that the specific material, equipment, or method of construction meets the identified standards or has been tested and found to be suitable for the intended use, shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
    - 1.8.1.2 Reports of engineering findings issued by nationally recognized evaluation service programs such as but not limited to, the Building Officials and Code Administrators (BOCA), the International Conference of Building Officials (ICBO), the Southern Building Code Congress International (SBCCI), the International Code Council (ICC), and the National Evaluation Service, Inc., shall be accepted by the appropriate subcode official as meeting the requirements of the above.
  - 1.8.2 The <u>New Jersey Department of Community Affairs</u> has confirmed that technical evaluation reports, from any accredited entity listed by <u>ANAB</u>, meets the requirements of item the previous paragraph, given that the listed entities are no longer in existence and/or do not provide "*reports of engineering findings*."
- 1.9 Approved by the Code of Federal Regulations Manufactured Home Construction and Safety Standards: Pursuant to Title 24, Subtitle B, Chapter XX, <u>Part 3282.14</u><sup>xiv</sup> and <u>Part 3280</u>,<sup>xiv</sup> the Department encourages innovation and the use of new technology in manufactured homes. The design and construction of a manufactured home shall conform to the provisions of Part 3282 and Part 3280 where key approval provisions in mandatory language follow:
  - 1.9.1 *"All construction methods shall be in conformance with accepted engineering practices."*
  - 1.9.2 "The strength and rigidity of the component parts and/or the integrated structure shall be determined by engineering analysis or by suitable load tests to simulate the actual loads and conditions of application that occur."
  - 1.9.3 "The design stresses of all materials shall conform to accepted engineering practice."





- 1.10 **Approval by US, Local and State Jurisdictions in General**: In all other local and state jurisdictions, the adopted building code legislation states in pertinent part that:
  - 1.10.1 For <u>new materials</u> that are not specifically provided for in this code, the <u>design strengths and permissible</u> <u>stresses</u> shall be established by tests.<sup>xlvi</sup>
  - 1.10.2 For innovative <u>alternatives</u> and/or methods of construction, the building official shall accept <u>Duly</u> <u>Authenticated Reports</u> from <u>approved agencies</u> with respect to the quality and manner of use of <u>new</u> <u>materials or assemblies</u>.<sup>xlvii</sup>
    - 1.10.2.1 An <u>approved agency</u> is "approved" when it is <u>ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 accredited</u>. DrJ Engineering, LLC (DrJ) is in the <u>ANAB directory</u>.
    - 1.10.2.2 An <u>approved source</u> is "approved" when an <u>RDP</u> is properly licensed to transact engineering commerce. The regulatory authority governing approved sources is the <u>state legislature</u> via its professional engineering regulations.<sup>xlviii</sup>
  - 1.10.3 The <u>design strengths and permissible stresses</u> of any structural material...shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice performed by an <u>approved</u> <u>source</u>.<sup>xlix</sup>
- 1.11 **Approval by International Jurisdictions**: The <u>USMCA</u> and <u>GATT</u> agreements provide for approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction through the <u>Agreement on Technical</u> <u>Barriers to Trade</u> and the <u>IAF Multilateral Recognition Arrangement</u> (MLA), where these agreements:
  - 1.11.1 State that <u>conformity assessment procedures</u> (i.e., ISO/IEC 17020, 17025, 17065, etc.) are prepared, adopted, and applied so as to grant access for suppliers of like products originating in the territories of other Members under conditions no less favourable than those accorded to suppliers of like products of national origin or originating in any other country, in a comparable situation.
  - 1.11.2 **Approved**: The <u>purpose of the MLA</u> is to ensure mutual recognition of accredited certification and validation/verification statements between signatories to the MLA and subsequently, acceptance of accredited certification and validation/verification statements in many markets based on one accreditation for the timely approval of innovative materials, designs, services, and/or methods of construction.
  - 1.11.3 ANAB is an <u>IAF-MLA</u> signatory where recognition of certificates, validation, and verification statements issued by conformity assessment bodies accredited by all other signatories of the IAF MLA, with the appropriate scope, shall be approved.<sup>1</sup>
  - 1.11.4 Therefore, all ANAB ISO/IEC 17065 Duly Authenticated Reports are approval equivalent.<sup>ii</sup>
- 1.12 Approval equity is a fundamental commercial and legal principle.<sup>lii</sup>



## Notes

<sup>i</sup> For more information, visit dricertification.org or call us at 608-310-6748.

- Alternative Materials, Design and Methods of Construction and Equipment: The provisions of any regulation code are not intended to prevent the installation of any material or to prohibit any design or method of construction not specifically prescribed by a regulation. Please review <u>https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission and https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104.11</u>
- v <u>https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706:~:text=the%20design%20strengths%20and%20permissible%20stresses%20shall%20be%20established%20by%20tests%20as</u>
- vi The design strengths and permissible stresses of any structural material shall conform to the specifications and methods of design of accepted engineering practice. https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-
- tests#1706:~:text=shall%20conform%20the%20specifications%20and%20methods%20of%20design%20of%20accepted%20engineering%20practice vii https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-
- tests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies
- viii https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4.2
- ix https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved\_agency
- \* https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#approved\_source
- Mattheward and the second s
- xii <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional</u> AND <u>https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-</u>boards-in-each-state-archive/
- xiii https://www.cbitest.com/accreditation/
- xiv https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-administration#104:~:text=to%20enforce%20the%20provisions%20of%20this%20code
- https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-
- administration#104.11:~:text=Where%20the%20alternative%20material%2C%20design%20or%20method%20cf%20construction%20is%20not%20approved%2C%20the%20buildi ng%20official%20shall%20respond%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20why%20the%20alternative%20was%20not%20approved https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/1/scope-and-

administration#105.3.1:~:text=lf%20the%20application%20or%20the%20construction%20documents%20do%20not%20conform%20to%20the%20requirements%20of%20pertinen t%20laws%2C%20the%20bilding%20official%20shall%20reject%20such%20application%20in%20writing%2C%20stating%20the%20reasons%20therefore

- <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1:~:text=the%20building%20official%20shall%20accept%20duly%20authenticated%20reports%20from%20approved%20agencies%20in%20respect%20to%20the%20 guality%20and%20maner%20of%20use%20of%20new%20materials%20or%20assemblies%20as%20provided%20for%20in%20Section%20104.11</u>
- xvii <u>https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-</u>

mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope

- xviii True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- xix https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law AND https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission
- Unless otherwise noted, all references in this Listing are from the 2021 version of the codes and the standards referenced therein. This material, product, design, service and/or method of construction also complies with the 2000-2021 versions of the referenced codes and the standards referenced therein.
- xii <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#p-3280.2(Listed%20or%20certified); https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#listed AND <u>https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/2/definitions#labeled</u></u>
- xxii https://up.codes/viewer/colorado/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1703.4
- xxiii https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-
- 3280#:~:text=All%20construction%20methods%20shall%20be%20in%20conformance%20with%20accepted%20engineering%20practices%20to%20insure%20durable%2C%20liv able%2C%20and%20safe%20housing%20and%20shall%20demonstrate%20acceptable%20workmanship%20reflecting%20journeyman%20quality%20of%20work%20of%20the% 20various%20trades
- xxiv <u>https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280#:~:text=The%20strength%20and%20rigidity%20of%20the%20component%20parts%20and/or%20the%20integrated%20structure%20shall%20be%20determined%20by%20 engineering%20analysis%20or%20by%20suitable%20load%20tests%20to%20simulate%20the%20actual%20loads%20and%20conditions%20of%20application%20that%20occur</u>
- Qualification is performed by a legislatively defined <u>Accreditation Body</u>. <u>ANSI National Accreditation Board (ANAB)</u> is the largest independent accreditation body in North America and provides services in more than 75 countries. <u>DrJ</u> is an ANAB accredited <u>product certification body</u>.
- xxvi See Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) <u>Title 24 Subtitle B Chapter XX Part 3280</u> for definition.
- xxvii 2018 IFC Section 104.9
- Approved is an adjective that modifies the noun after it. For example, Approved Agency means that the Agency is accepted officially as being suitable in a particular situation. This example conforms to IBC/IRC/IFC Section 201.4 where the building code authorizes sentences to have an ordinarily accepted meaning such as the context implies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;u>2018 IBC Section 2304.10.5</u>

https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1702





- xxix https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- Multilateral approval is true for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- http://www.drjengineering.org/AppendixC AND https://www.drjcertification.org/cornell-2016-protection-trade-secrets
- xxxii https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=imprisoned%20not%20more%20than%2010%20years
- xxxiii https://www.law.cornell.edu/uscode/text/18/1832#:~:text=Any%20organization%20that,has%20thereby%20avoided
- xxxiv https://up.codes/viewer/wyoming/ibc-2021/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1706.2
- XXXV IBC 2021, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards
- XXXVi IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General
- xxxvii See Section 11 for the distilled building code definition of Approved
- xxxviii Los Angeles Municipal Code, SEC. 98.0503. TESTING AGENCIES
- xxxix https://up.codes/viewer/california/ca-building-code-2022/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- Mew York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- xii New York City, The Rules of the City of New York, § 101-07 Approved Agencies
- xiii https://up.codes/viewer/new\_jersey/ibc-2018/chapter/17/special-inspections-and-tests#1707.1
- xliii https://www.nj.gov/dca/divisions/codes/codreg/ucc.html
- xiv https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3282/subpart-A/section-3282.14
- xlv https://www.ecfr.gov/current/title-24/subtitle-B/chapter-XX/part-3280
- xivi IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, 1706.2 New Materials. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.2.
- xivii IBC 2021, Section 1707 Alternative Test Procedure, 1707.1 General. Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1707.1.
- xviii <u>https://www.nspe.org/resources/issues-and-advocacy/professional-policies-and-position-statements/regulation-professional</u> AND <u>https://apassociation.org/list-of-engineering-boards-in-each-state-archive/</u>
- xiix IBC 2021, Section 1706 Design Strengths of Materials, Section 1706.1 Conformance to Standards Adopted law pursuant to IBC model code language 1706.1.
   https://iaf.nu/en/about-iaf-

mla/#:~:text=it%20is%20required%20to%20recognise%20certificates%20and%20validation%20and%20verification%20statements%20issued%20by%20conformity%20assessmen t%20bodies%20accredited%20by%20all%20other%20signatories%20of%20the%20IAF%20MLA%2C%20with%20the%20appropriate%20scope

- True for all ANAB accredited product evaluation agencies and all International Trade Agreements.
- https://www.justice.gov/crt/deprivation-rights-under-color-law AND https://www.justice.gov/atr/mission